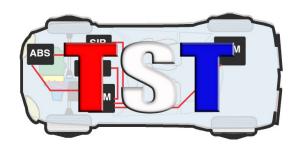
May 2010



Technicians Service Training

INSIDE THIS ISSUE:

2002 Jeep Liberty 3.7L with Wrong Fuel Level Reading P. 1 - 11

TST Hands-On Certifica-

P. 15

Upcoming Seminars:

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tion

Diagnostic Soup II

John Anello

Summer Break!

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Editor

Jerry "G" Truglia

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2002 Jeep Liberty 3.7L with Wrong Fuel Level Reading

We had 2002 Jeep Liberty in our shop and the problem with vehicle the was that its fuel gauge went onto the empty indicator remarkably soon. Also. the instrument discluster



plays for the vehicle's four wheel drive system worked backwards. For example, two-wheel-drive was engaged when 4-HI was illuminated and vice versa.

We had some decent information from the customer to work with. First, filling up the vehicle with gas right after the indicator hit "empty" resulted in taking only nine gallons of gas in an 18 gallon tank. Also, we knew that the fuel level sensor was replaced.

So, we know that there is *definitely* a problem and that it is not caused by a faulty fuel level sensor.

If it's not the fuel level sensor, what could it be? Immediately we conjured up the idea that there is an issue with the PCM or the instrument panel. (Con't on page 3)

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- Deliver information that the technician can use now.
- Keep technicians informed of information affecting our industry.
- Increase consumer awareness of what a good technician is.

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2002 Jeep Liberty 3.7L with Wrong Fuel Level Reading (con't from p. 1)

Why? Because what are the chances there are two separate issues causing a problem reflected on the instrument cluster?

Now, good technicians test and not guess, so we weren't going to just put a new PCM in it and hoped that it would work.

First, we plugged in different scan tools. We supposed that it was best to let the computers do the thinking for us, right?

The Launch was surprisingly good for a Euro-Asian tool, and following it up with the MODIS and the Pegisys we found that they all agreed that the fuel level was supposedly 21 percent. We got a little more information from the MODIS, because it showed us that the fuel level sensor voltage was 2.84 V. So, Snap-Off jokes aside, the MODIS gave us the most information on this particular Jeep.



After looking up the specifications, an empty fuel tank should have had 8.6 V while a full one should be 0.6V. So, if we took the 2.84 V fuel level sensor voltage as gospel truth, the fuel tank should have been at three-quarters.

Yet, we should have known better than make such an assumption. The fuel tank was probably at about 50 percent—NOT 75 percent like the voltage from the MODIS claimed nor the 21 percent that all the scan tools agreed on. The MODIS specifically had two contradicting values, so the only possible cause (assuming the scan tool is telling the truth) would be a bad PCM.

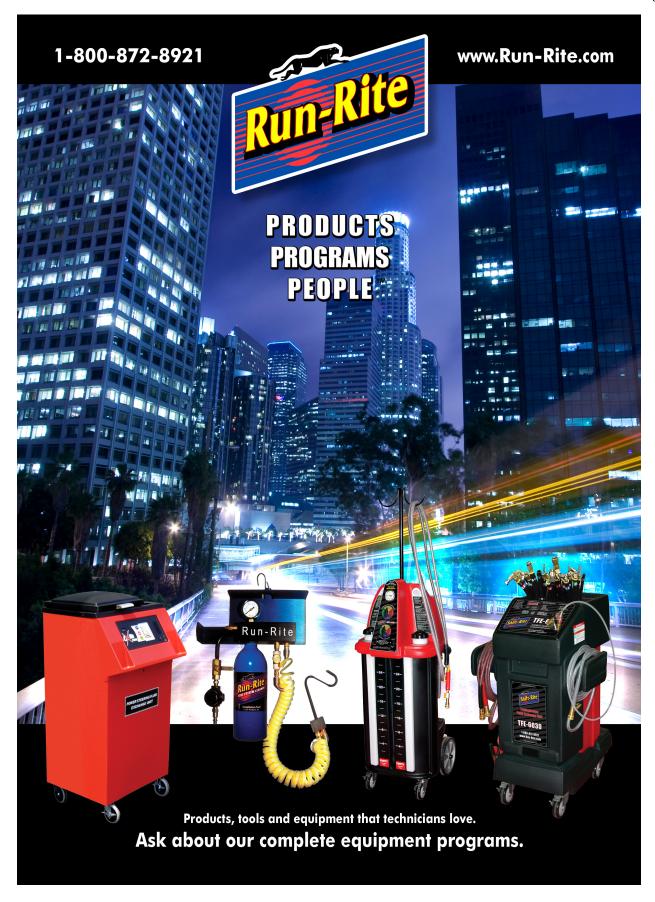
If it was a bad instrument panel, it would just have the wrong fuel level displayed instead of contradictory Parameter IDs. A PCM issue can display the wrong level on the dashboard and give the scan tool the wrong reading as well.

(Con't on page 7)

Page 4 Volume 11, Issue 9



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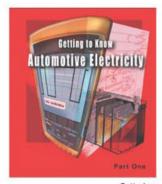
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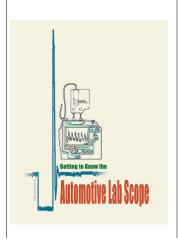
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2002 Jeep Liberty 3.7L (con't from p. 3)

However, we were afraid to blame the PCM so fast. What if we had a crazy situation, like a possible voltage drop on the fuel level sensor's feed or ground side of the circuit? If the PCM was not receiving the right voltage, then maybe the PCM was fine but reflecting an inaccurate value by mistake while at the same time the instrument panel was wacky too. It was improbable, but possible.

Before we moved onto testing the fuel level sending unit directly, we looked into the 4WD display issue to see if the instrument panel was nuts or not. None of the scan tools we had showed a PID for the four wheel drive switch position, so we had to pull out the switch to see if the switch was okay before condemning the PCM or instrument cluster. Using the specifications on ALL-DATA (following image courtesy of it), we found that the switch was faulty.

SENSOR POSITION	OPERATING MODE	SENSOR RESISTANCE (ohms)
1	2WD	1124-1243
2	4WD PART TIME	650-719
3	NEUTRAL	389-431
4	NEUTRAL	199-221
5	4WD LOW	57-64

• In 2WD (Sensor Position 1)

-Specified Value: 1124-1243 ohms

-Measured Value: 680 ohms

• In 4WD Part Time (Sensor Position 2)

-Specified Value: 650-717 ohms -Measured Value: 1204 ohms

In Neutral (Sensor Position 3)

-Specified Value: 389-431 ohms

-Measured Value: 400 ohms

• In 4WD Low (Sensor Position 5)

-Specified Value: 57-64 ohms

-Real Value: 60 ohms

The PCM was not to blame at all, nor the instrument panel! The switch was broken, as its ohms for 2WD were flip-flopped with the resistant measured on 4WD-HI.

(Con't on p. 9)

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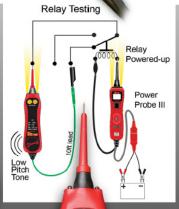


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2002 Jeep Liberty 3.7L with Wrong Fuel Level Reading (con't from page 7)

This vehicle did not have one over arching problem that explained the wrong displays on the instrument cluster—it had several!

Now that we solved the 4WD switch, we decided to measure the fuel tank level sensor directly. We knew it was brand new from a previous attempt at repair, but you never know whether or not a part is defective. We found that we had 4.8 V leaving the sender unit. This corresponded with our belief that the tank was actually half full even though it was reading otherwise. After all, 4.8 V is about half of 8.9 V. But, where did the 2.84 V come from? And, if the PCM thought it was receiving 2.84 V, why wasn't the gauge at 75 percent then?

We verified that 12 V was making it to the sensor by temporarily disconnecting it, and that the PCM was receiving the 4.8 V from the fuel level sending unit.

Being in denial that the PCM was to blame, we decided to make sure that the new fuel level sensor was indeed operational. We did this by using the specifications for ohms of resistance that the sensor would regularly have under different fuel level conditions and replicating it by placing resistors in place of the actual sensor.

At 5 ohms the fuel tank is full and at 270 ohms it is empty. We used the following resistors and got these results:

- 20 Ohm Resistor: Full Tank
- 30 Ohm Resistor: 7/8 of a tank
- 45 Ohm Resistor: 3/4 of a tank
- 62 Ohm Resistor: 1/2 of a tank
- 77 Ohm Resistor: Right below 1/2 a tank
- 94 Ohm Resistor: 1/4 of a tank
- 109 Ohm Resistor: 1/8 of a tank
- 124 Ohm Resistor: Tank at empty



The following, though tedious, proved that at half a tank of gas the gauge will read empty. We knew the PCM was receiving the right signal. So, the question was what was going out of the PCM.





Questions:

1. Do you want seminars to continue in your area?

2. Do you find the seminars useful?

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Thank you, G Truglia

2002 Jeep Liberty 3.7L (con't from page 9)

Now, based upon what we know about the false measurement from the MODIS where the PCM perceived the fuel level sensor voltage to be at 2.8 V instead of 4.8 V as our actual measured value reflected, we can safely assume the PCM was to blame. After all, the PCM is getting the right signal, it is perceiving the signal incorrectly, AND on top of that its fuel level percentage and fuel level voltage contradict each other.

It is always nice to make sure that a scan tool is not giving a false reading,

so we hooked up the Auto Enginuity. The Auto Enginuity on this Jeep had near factory capabilities, but it could not do any activation tests on any of the vehicle gauges. However, it did second the MODIS, telling us that fuel tank sensor voltage was about 3 V, far below our actual measured voltage.



So, we decided to get a junkyard PCM, reprogram it, and that fixed the problem.

The PCM was internally faulty because the fuel level sensor was good and there were no voltage drops on the circuit. The four wheel drive switch was faulty, teaching us that we should always test and not guess that a problem has a single cause. If we popped a PCM in right away and did not diagnose the switch AND/OR had a voltage drop on the fuel level sensor, we would have felt *really* lost in the forest as Bernie said.

So, to sum it up, everything has a reason. The instrument panel was fine, just a bad switch and a bad PCM were making it show us the wrong things.

Article by Craig Truglia and Kevin Quinlan

Volume 11, Issue 9

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